|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Spanish 2**  **Chapter 5.3 LEARNING TARGET**  -Vocabulary: Body parts  -Verbs to express pain or injury  -Reflexives  -Commands | |
| **CORNELL NOTES**  **SHEET** | **Name: KattyaRomero**  **Class:  Spanish II**  **Topic: Spanish**  **Date:   Hoy es              del dos mil diez y nueve**  **Period** |
| **PREGUNTAS** | **APUNTES** |
| **What are we studying?** | - Vocabulary: Body parts  -Verbs to express pain or injury  -Reflexives  -Commands |
| **What is our focus?** | -Present and Preterite Indicative regular and irregular verbs  -Verbs to express pain or injury  -Reflexives  -Commands |
| **What are we reviewing?** | We are reviewing conjugation of -ar, -er and -ir verbs.  We are reviewing regular and irregular verbs. |
| **What’s an irregular verb?**  **What’s a regular verb?**  **What the endings for ALL verbs in Spanish?** | **Irregular verbs have a change in the root**  **Regular verb keeps the same root of the verb**  **All verbs in Spanish end in –ar, -er and –ir.** |
| **What is the vocabulary we are reviewing?** | **Body parts, commands, preterit and present.** |
| **SUMMARY:  Write 4 or more sentences describing specific learning from these notes.**  **I can describe injuries and body parts.** | |

Quizlet:

<http://quizlet.com/28374578/u1-5th-gr-body-parts-flash-cards/>

Vocabulary with pictures:

<http://quizlet.com/16664138/spanish-body-parts-with-pictures-flash-cards/>

Video Body Parts:

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ct_VPIH0ObM&list=RDct_VPIH0ObM#t=0>

kids songs to learn body parts:

http://www.rockalingua.com/videos/parts-body

<http://www.videoele.com/A1_El_cuerpo.html>

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=kQm\_6ZKKyGA

Song:

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=qMaJ1_eZDos>

PRACTICE/game body parts:

<http://www.spanishspanish.com/body/body.html>

<http://www.spanishspanish.com/body/face.html>

<http://www.trentu.ca/academic/modernlanguages/spanish/masarriba/body2.html>

<http://www.123teachme.com/games/drag_n_match?cat=8>

Listening exercises:

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ffmAFP1MoAM

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=LRkRczALHoE>

Students videos: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=4x4CuEytBwE

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Language:** | Spanish |
| **Title:** | Ven Conmigo 2: Capítulo 5 |

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **ENGLISH** |  |  | **SPANISH** |
| 1. I already know | 1. ya lo sé |
| 2. I was going to... but I wasn't able | 2. iba a... pero no pude |
| 3. ankle | 3. el tobillo |
| 4. balanced | 4. balanceado/balanceado a |
| 5. be careful | 5. ten cuidado |
| 6. calf (of the leg) | 6. el muslo |
| 7. competition | 7. la competencia |
| 8. cycling | 8. el ciclismo |
| 9. deeply | 9. profundamente |
| 10. diet | 10. la dieta |
| 11. don't add salt | 11. no añadas sal |
| 12. don't be... | 12. no seas... |
| 13. elbow | 13. el codo |
| 14. enough | 14. suficiente |
| 15. fat | 15. la grasa |
| 16. for (a period of time) | 16. por |
| 17. get into shape | 17. ponte en forma |
| 18. habit | 18. el hábito |
| 19. health | 19. la salud |
| 20. healthy | 20. sano/sano a |
| 21. hiking | 21. el senderismo |
| 22. it's just that... | 22. es que... |
| 23. it's necessary | 23. es preciso |
| 24. knee | 24. la rodilla |
| 25. martial arts | 25. las artes marciales |
| 26. mountain climbing | 26. el montañismo |
| 27. neck | 27. el cuello |
| 28. rowing | 28. remar |
| 29. shoulder | 29. el hombro |
| 30. stop smoking | 30. deja de fumar |
| 31. stress | 31. el estrés |
| 32. swimming | 32. la natación |
| 33. thigh | 33. el muslo |
| 34. to ache/to hurt | 34. doler |
| 35. to avoid | 35. evitar |
| 36. to be in good shape | 36. estar en plena forma |
| 37. to be on a diet | 37. hacer régimen |
| 38. to become ill | 38. enfermarse |
| 39. to breathe | 39. respirar |
| 40. to complain | 40. quejarse |
| 41. to dedicate | 41. dedicar |
| 42. to do sit-ups | 42. hacer abdominales |
| 43. to enroll | 43. inscribirse |
| 44. to forget (about) | 44. olvidarse (de) |
| 45. to get tired | 45. cansarse |
| 46. to give permission | 46. dar permiso |
| 47. to go mountain climbing | 47. escalar montañas |
| 48. to have a cramp | 48. tener calambre |
| 49. to have fun | 49. divertirse |
| 50. to hurt (oneself) | 50. hacerse daño |
| 51. to injure (oneself) | 51. lastimarse |
| 52. to jump rope | 52. saltar a la cuerda |
| 53. to lift weights | 53. levantar pesas |
| 54. to lose weight | 54. bajar de peso |
| 55. to move | 55. moverse |
| 56. to put on weight | 56. aumentar de peso |
| 57. to relax | 57. relajarse |
| 58. to remember | 58. acordarse de |
| 59. to row | 59. remar |
| 60. to sprain | 60. torcerse |
| 61. to stay in shape | 61. mantenerse en forma |
| 62. to stretch | 62. estirarse |
| 63. to sweat | 63. sudar |
| 64. to train | 64. entrenarse |
| 65. track and field | 65. el atletísmo |
| 66. well-being | 66. el bienestar |
| 67. wrist | 67. la muñeca |

*2000-2016 CONJUGUEMOS (Yegros Educational LLC)*

**Las partes del cuerpo**

(PARTS OF THE BODY)

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
|  |  |

el cuerpo\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

la mano\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

el codo\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

la cintura\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

la cabeza\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

el brazo\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

el dedo\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

el cuello\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

la espalda\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

el tobillo\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

el pie\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

la pierna\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

la rodilla\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

el hombro\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

la cara\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

el ojo\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

la nariz\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

la boca\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

la lengua\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

el pompis\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

la oreja\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

los dientes\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

el pelo\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

la garganta\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

el pecho\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

el dedo del pie\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

el estómago\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

The verb doler

<http://www.123teachme.com/learn_spanish/quizzes_verb_doler>

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| http://d1a9cyuca1q7uc.cloudfront.net/images/spacer.gifThe verb **doler** (to hurt) is similar to the verb "gustar". It is always accompanied by (IOP) indirect object pronouns (**me, te, le, nos, os, les**).When you hurt you use the phrase: **me duele me dolió** (singular) or **me duelen me dolieron** (plural). | |
|  |  | |

**Fill in the blank with the correct form of the verb doler. Say the sentence.**

**Example:** Nos \_\_\_\_\_ los dedos. - Our fingers hurt. **Answer :** Nos **duelen** los dedos.

1. Me \_\_\_\_\_ el diente.

2. Les \_\_\_\_\_ las manos.

3. A mi hijo le \_\_\_\_\_ la garganta.

4. ¿Te \_\_\_\_\_ la cabeza?

5. Me \_\_\_\_\_ las piernas.

6. ¿Dónde le \_\_\_\_\_ ?

7. Me \_\_\_\_\_ la espalda.

8. A Juan le \_\_\_\_\_ el brazo.

9. A nosotros nos \_\_\_\_\_ la cabeza.

10. Me \_\_\_\_\_ los ojos cuando leo.

11. Me \_\_\_\_\_ la cabeza y el pie derecho.

12. A ella le \_\_\_\_\_ los dientes.

13. Le \_\_\_\_\_ los brazos.

14. Nos \_\_\_\_\_ las manos y las rodillas.

15. Te \_\_\_\_\_ las orejas.

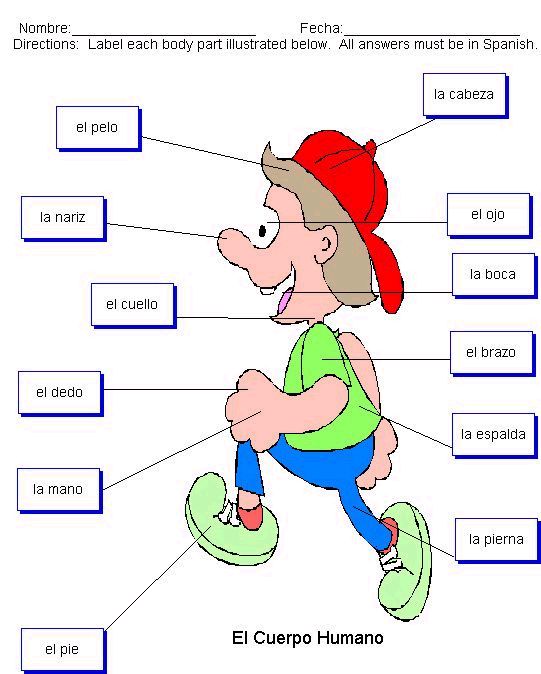
**Verbs we need to know how to conjugate in present and preterit:**

**PRACTICE CONJUGATING THESE VERBS IN THIS WEBSITES:**

[**http://go.hrw.com/hrw.nd/arbiter/pRedirect?project=hrwonline&siteId=593&pageId=4254**](http://go.hrw.com/hrw.nd/arbiter/pRedirect?project=hrwonline&siteId=593&pageId=4254)

[**http://quizlet.com/12589707/spanish-200-verbs-flash-cards/**](http://quizlet.com/12589707/spanish-200-verbs-flash-cards/)

**Partes del cuerpo**



**https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=qbMApcnzLDk**





**Mandatos (commands) –** Commands are used to tell others what to do. They can be used in many things such as recipes, direction giving, advertisements, or any situation in which you need to tell someone what to do or what not to do.

1. Positive tú commands –

\*Positive tú commands are formed by using the \_3rd\_ person singular form of the present tense.

\*Any pronouns (IOP, DOP, or reflexive) must be ATTACHED to the END of the command!

Practice: Write the following to + tú commands in Spanish:

1.Run \_\_corre\_\_ 2. Talk\_\_habla\_\_ 3. Wake up!\_\_\_despiértate\_\_\_

\*There are 8 irregular tú commands that you will just have to memorize.

List them below:

1. Say/tell = \_di\_\_\_ 5. Go = \_\_ve\_\_\_\_
2. Do/make=\_haz\_\_ 6. Have = \_ten\_\_\_
3. Come=\_ ven\_\_\_ 7. Leave=\_sal\_\_
4. Put=\_\_pon\_\_\_\_ 8. Be = \_\_sé\_\_\_\_

What is the phrase we learned to help you remember these irregulars?

\_\_VenDiSal\_\_\_\_ \_\_Haz\_\_\_ \_\_Ten\_\_\_ \_\_VePonSé\_\_\_\_

1. Negative tú commands –

To form a negative tú command, do the following:

1. Put the verb in the present tense \_\_Yo\_\_ form
2. \_\_Drop the “o”\_\_\_
3. Add opposite endings (-ar verbs add \_\_-es\_\_ / -er/-ir verbs add \_\_-as\_\_\_)

\*Where do you place a pronoun with NEGATIVE commands?\_\_\_\_BEFORE the verb(command)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

\*Verbs that end in –gar, -car, and –zar will have spelling changes with negative tú commands.  
\*What are those changes? –gar g>gu\_\_ -car c>qu\_\_ -zar z>c\_\_  
\*There are only 4 irregular verbs for negative tú commands:

1. Don’t give \_no des\_

2. Don’t be \_no seas

3. Don’t go\_no vayas

4. Don’t be\_\_\_no estés (condition/state/emotion) (description)

Practice –  
Write the negative commands in Spanish:  
1. Don’t leave \_\_no salgas\_\_\_\_\_ 4. Don’t get up \_\_no te levantes\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_   
2. Don’t go \_ no vayas\_\_\_ 5. Don’t start \_\_\_no empieces\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_   
3. Don’t talk \_\_\_\_\_no hables\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 6. Don’t eat them (French fries)\_\_no las comas\_\_\_

1. Positive and Negative Ud./Uds. Commands   
   They follow the same pattern as negative tú commands, but let’s recap just to make sure you know…

1. Yo form (present tense)  
2. Drop the “o”

3. opposite endings: –ar verbs add –e/-en and –ir/-er verbs add –a/-an

\*This 3-step pattern is followed for BOTH NEGATIVE and POSITIVE Ud./Uds. commands.

\*-gar,-car, and –zar will also change with Ud/Uds. Commands  
\*formal commands also have 4 irregulars (same whether neg. or pos.)

Ud. Uds.

1. dé den

2. sea sean

3. vaya vayan

4. esté estén

Practice writing the correct Ud./Uds. commands.

1. Estudiantes, no \_\_se vayan\_\_\_ (irse)
2. Dr. Bitterman, \_\_siéntese\_\_\_\_ (sentarse) aquí, por favor.
3. Juan y Eva, \_\_almuercen\_\_\_\_\_\_ (almorzar) conmigo (with me).
4. Amigos, \_\_escuchen\_\_\_\_\_\_ (escuchar) la música del conjunto.
5. Señor, \_\_lea\_\_\_\_\_ (leer) el poema otra vez.
6. Elena y Jaime, \_\_díganme\_\_\_\_ (decirme) la verdad.

**VERB CONJUGATIONS**

**acordarse to remember Present Indicative**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Yo me acuerdo** | **Nosotros nos acordamos** |
| **Tú te acuerdas** | **Vosotros os acordáis** |
| **Él se acuerda** | **Ellos se acuerdan** |

**acordarse Preterite Indicative**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Yo me acordé** | **Nosotros nos acordamos** |
| **Tú te acordaste** | **Vosotros os acordasteis** |
| **Él se acordó** | **Ellos se acordaron** |

**Cansarse Present Indicative to get tired**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Yo me canso** | **Nosotros nos cansamos** |
| **Tú te cansas** | **Vosotros os cansáis** |
| **Él se cansa** | **Ellos se cansan** |

**Preterite cansarse**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Yo me cansé** | **Nosotros nos cansamos** |
| **Tú te cansaste** | **Vosotros os cansasteis** |
| **Él se cansó** | **Ellos se cansaron** |

**Lastimarse to injure oneself Present Indicative**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Yo me lastimo** | **Nosotros nos lastimamos** |
| **Tú te lastimas** | **Vosotros os lastimáis** |
| **Él se lastima** | **Ellos se lastiman** |

**Lastimarse Preterite Indicative**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Yo me lastimé** | **Nosotros nos lastimamos** |
| **Tú te lastimas te** | **Vosotros os lastimasteis** |
| **Él se lastimó** | **Ellos se lastimaron** |

**Enfermarse to get sick to become ill Present Indicative**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Yo me enfermo** | **Nosotros nos enfermamos** |
| **Tú te enfermas** | **Vosotros os enfermáis** |
| **Él se enferma** | **Ellos se enferman** |

**Preterite Indicative**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Yo me enfermé** | **Nosotros nos enfermamos** |
| **Tú te enfermaste** | **Vosotros os enfermasteis** |
| **Él se enfermó** | **Ellos se enfermaron** |

**Quejarse Present Indicative**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Yo me quejo** | **Nosotros nos quejamos** |
| **Tú te quejas** | **Vosotros os quejáis** |
| **Él se queja** | **Ellos se quejan** |

**Quejarse Preterite Indicative**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Yo me quejé** | **Nosotros nos quejamos** |
| **Tú te quejaste** | **Vosotros os quejasteis** |
| **Él se quejó** | **Ellos se quejaron** |

**Olvidarse to forget Present Indicative**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Yo me olvido** | **Nosotros nos olvidamos** |
| **Tú te olvidas** | **Vosotros os olvidáis** |
| **Él se olvida** | **Ellos se olvidan** |

**Olvidarse to forget Preterite Indicative**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Yo me olvidé** | **Nosotros nos olvidamos** |
| **Tú te olvidaste** | **Vosotros os olvidasteis** |
| **Él se olvidó** | **Ellos se olvidaron** |

**Divertirse to have fun Present Indicative SHOE VERB**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Yo me divierto** | **Nosotros nos divertimos** |
| **Tú te diviertes** | **Vosotros os divertís** |
| **Él se diviertió** | **Ellos se diviertieron** |

**Divertirse to have fun Preterite Indicative SANDAL**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Yo me divertí** | **Nosotros nos divertimos** |
| **Tú te divertiste** | **Vosotros os divertisteis** |
| **Él se divIrtió** | **Ellos se divIrtieron** |

**IRREGULAR VERBS**

**Hacerse daño to hurt oneself Present indicative**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Yo me hago daño** | **Nosotros nos hacemos** |
| **Tú te haces daño** | **Vosotros os hacéis** |
| **Él se hace daño** | **Ellos se hacen** |

**Hacerse daño Preterite Indicative**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Yo me hice daño** | **Nosotros nos enfermamos** |
| **Tú te hiciste daño** | **Vosotros os enfermáis** |
| **Él se hizo daño** | **Ellos se enferman** |

**Torcerse to sprain Present Indicative**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Yo me tuerzo** | **Nosotros nos torcimos** |
| **Tú te tuerces** | **Vosotros os torcéis** |
| **Él se tuerce** | **Ellos se tuercen** |

**Torcerse to sprain Preterite Indicative**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Yo me torcí** | **Nosotros nos torcimos** |
| **Tú te torciste** | **Vosotros os torcisteis** |
| **Él se torció** | **Ellos se torcieron** |

**This verb NOT reflexive**

**Tener calambre to have a cramp Present indicative**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Yo tengo un calambre** | **Nosotros tenemos un calambre** |
| **Tú te tienes un calambre** | **Vosotros os tenéis un calambre** |
| **Él se tiene un calambre** | **Ellos se tienen un calambre** |

**Tener un calambre**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Yo tuve un calambre** | **Nosotros tuvimos un calambre** |
| **Tú te tuviste un calambre** | **Vosotros os tuvisteis un calambre** |
| **Él se tuvo un calambre** | **Ellos se tuvieron un calambre** |

**Romperse Present indicative**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Yo me rompo** | **nosotros nos rompimos** |
| **Tú te rompes** | **vosotros os rompéis** |
| **él se rompe** | **ellos se rompen** |

**Romperse en Preterit**

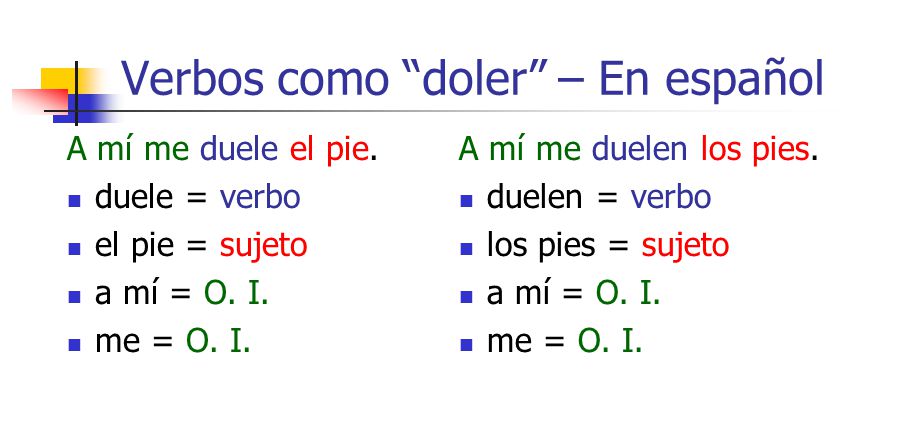
|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Yo me rompí** | **nosotros nos rompimos** |
| **Tú te rompiste** | **vosotros os rompisteis** |
| **él se rompió** | **ellos se rompieron** |





El verbo DOLER (o → ue) ● Literally, it means to cause pain, but in English we use it in translating sentences with hurt.

SLIDES EXPLANING DOLER: http://slideplayer.es/slide/4633867/



**DOLER**



**DOLER**

*Pretérito*  
**A mí me  Dolió                 Singular**

**A ti te                                                    Dolió                Verbs**

**A él le**

**A nosotros                                         Dolieron             Plural**

**A vosotros                                          Dolieron             NO VERBS**

**A ellos**